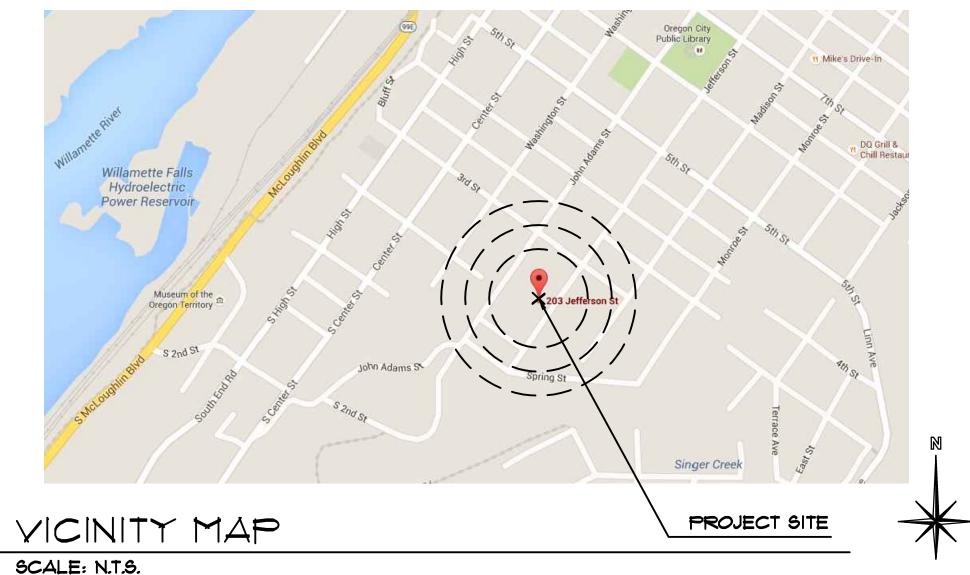
# THE HAZEN RESIDENCE

# RESIDENTIAL REMODEL AND ADDITION

OREGON CITY, OREGON



## DRAWING INDEX: ARCHITECTURAL COVER SHEET, SITE PLAN EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS LOWER LEVEL DEMOLITION PLAN, LOWER LEVEL FLOOR PLAN MAIN LEVEL DEMOLITION PLAN, MAIN LEVEL FLOOR PLAN UPPER LEVEL DEMOLITION PLAN, UPPER LEVEL FLOOR PLAN FOUNDATION BASEMENT PLAN, NOTES & DETAILS MAIN LEVEL FLOOR FRAMING PLAN, UPPER LEVEL FLOOR FRAMING PLAN,

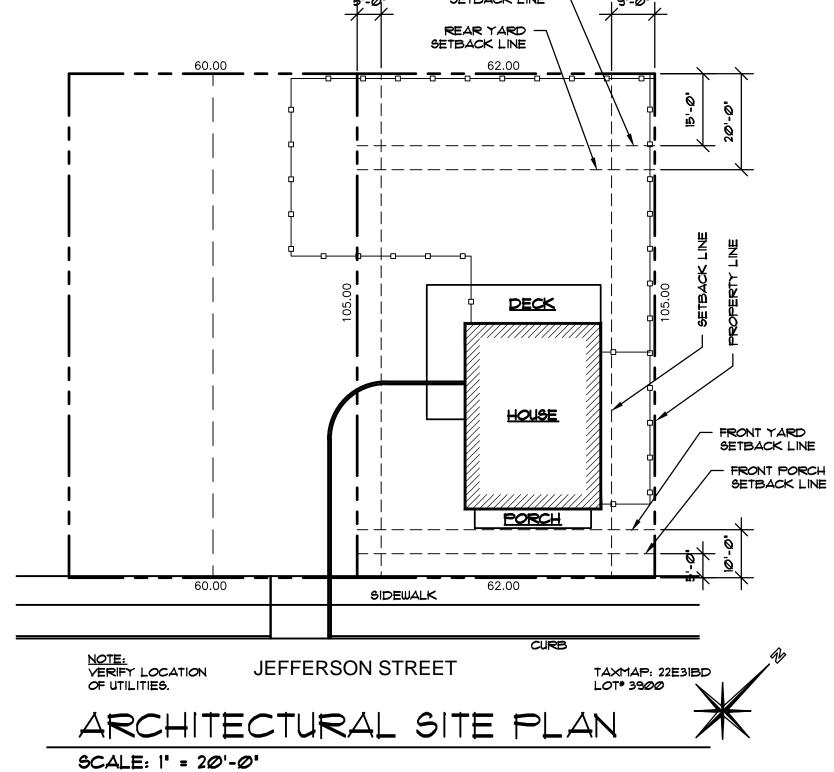
ROOF FRAMING PLAN, NOTES & DETAILS GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES AND SPECIFICATIONS RESIDENTIAL ENERGY COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

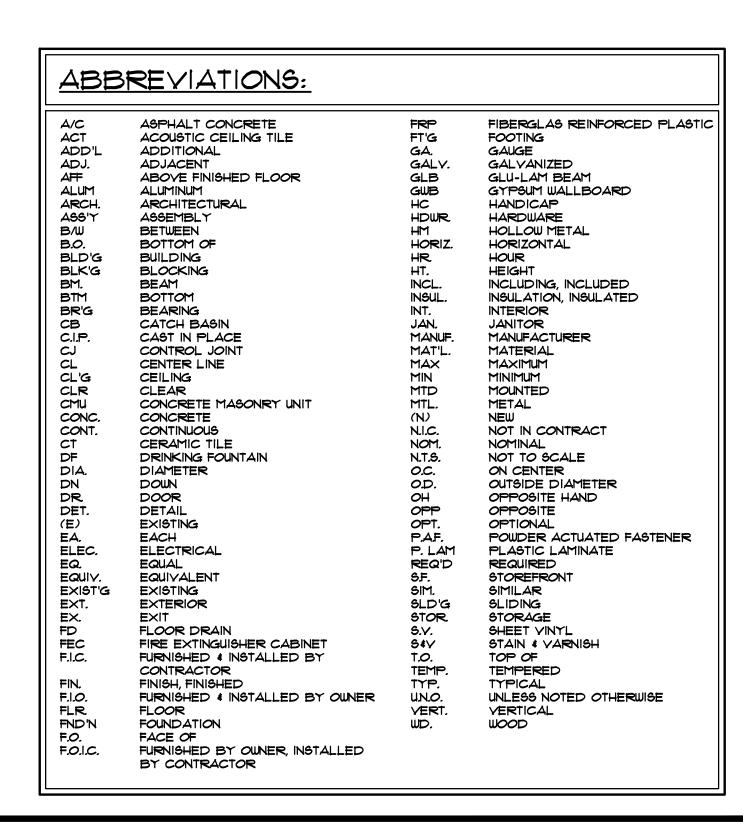
SO.01 STRUCTURAL NOTES STRUCTURAL NOTES SHEARWALL/ HOLDOWN SCHEDULES SHEARWALL DETAILS

STRUCTURAL

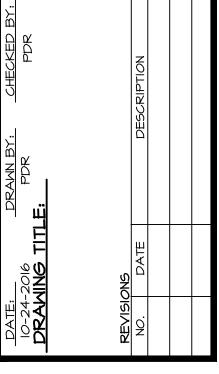
DETAILS

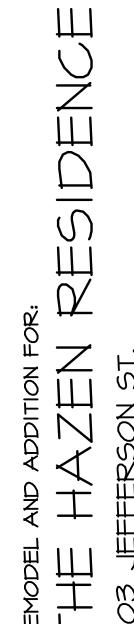
# SETBACK LINE REAR YARD -

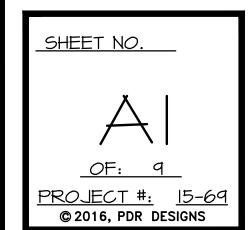


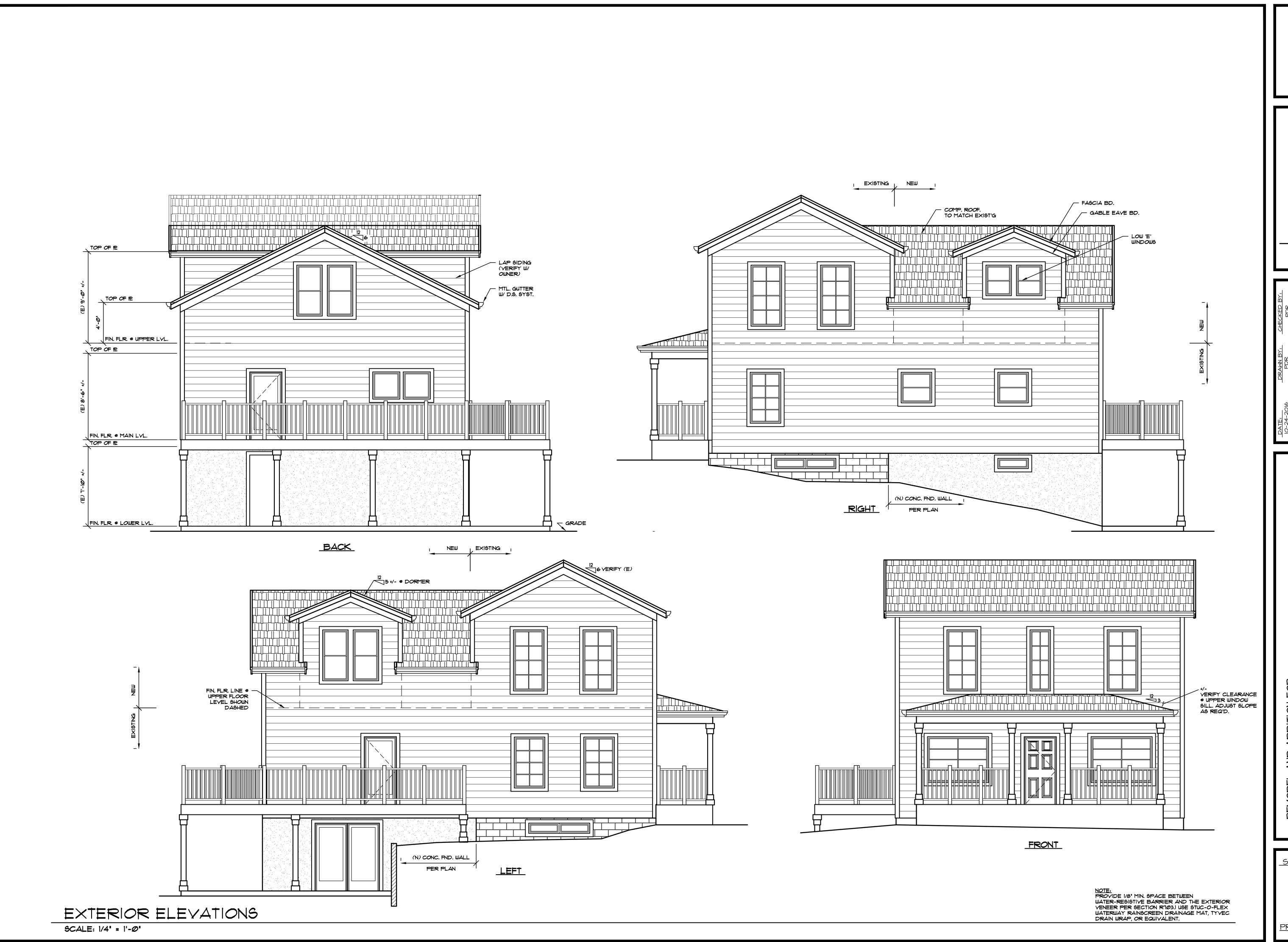




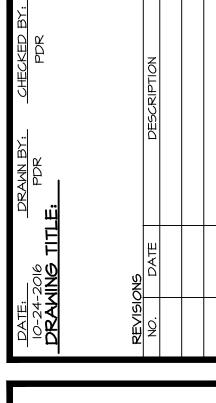








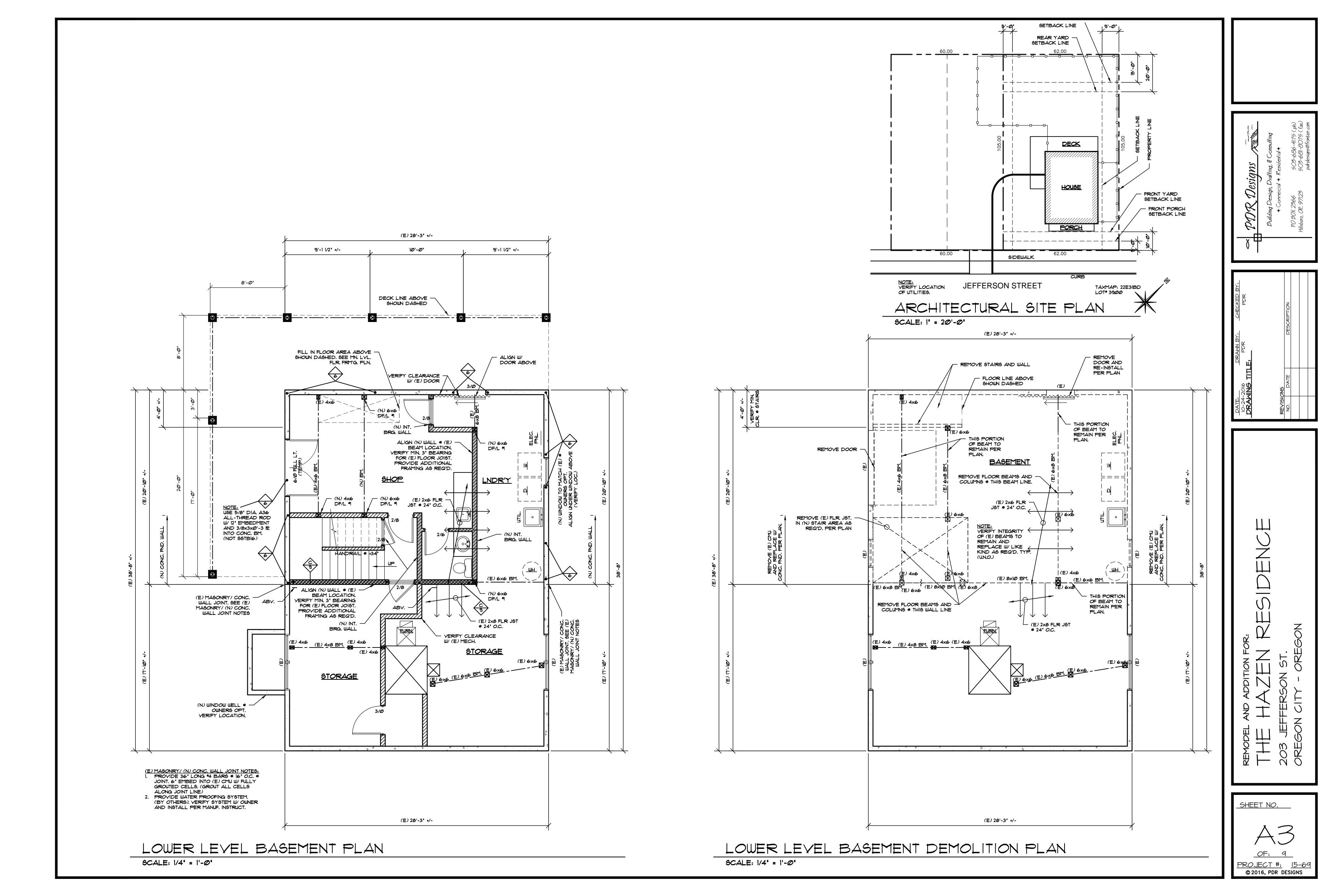


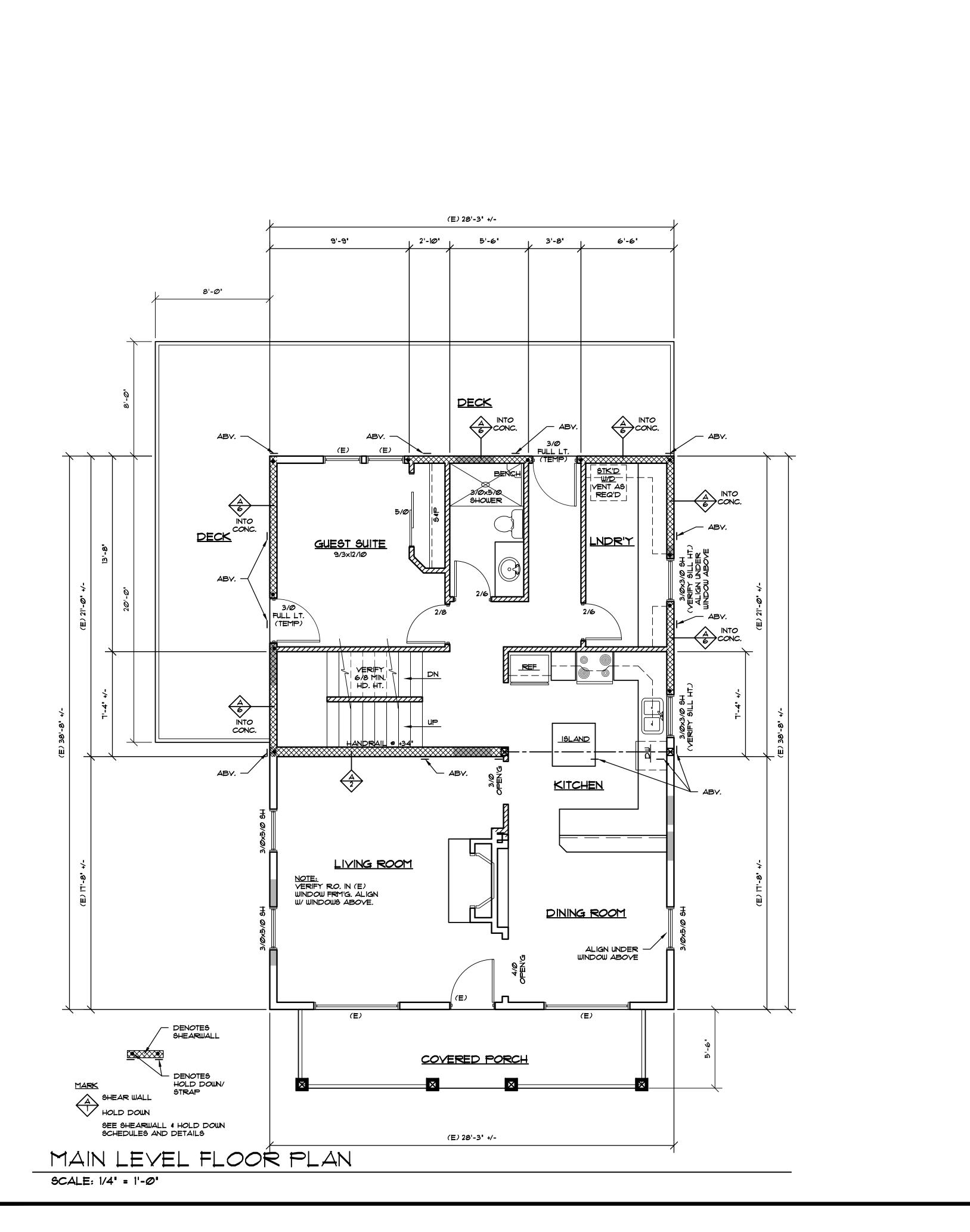


RESIDENCE

SHEET NO.

PROJECT #: 15-69
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GENERAL NOTES:

- ALL APPLIANCES TO BE UL APPROVED. MIN. ELEC. WALL HT'G SYSTEM IN LIEU OF FORCED AIR HEAT THROUGHOUT AT OWNERS OPTION (VERIFY TYPE W/
- EXHAUST AIR FROM RANGE HOODS, BATHROOMS, TOILET ROOMS AND ROOMS WITH BATHING OR SPA FACILITIES TO BE VENTED TO OUTSIDE. RANGE HOODS/ DOWNDRAFT EXHAUST TO HAVE A MIN. VENTILATION RATE OF 150CFM INTERMITTENT OR 25CFM CONTINUOUS. ROOMS CONTAINING BATHING AND SPA FACILITIES TO HAVE A MIN. 80 CFM INTERMITTENT OR 20 CFM CONTINUOUS. TOILET ROOMS

WITHOUT BATHING OR SPA FACILITIES, WHEN NOT PROVIDED W/ NATURAL VENTILATION PER R3/03.3.2, TO

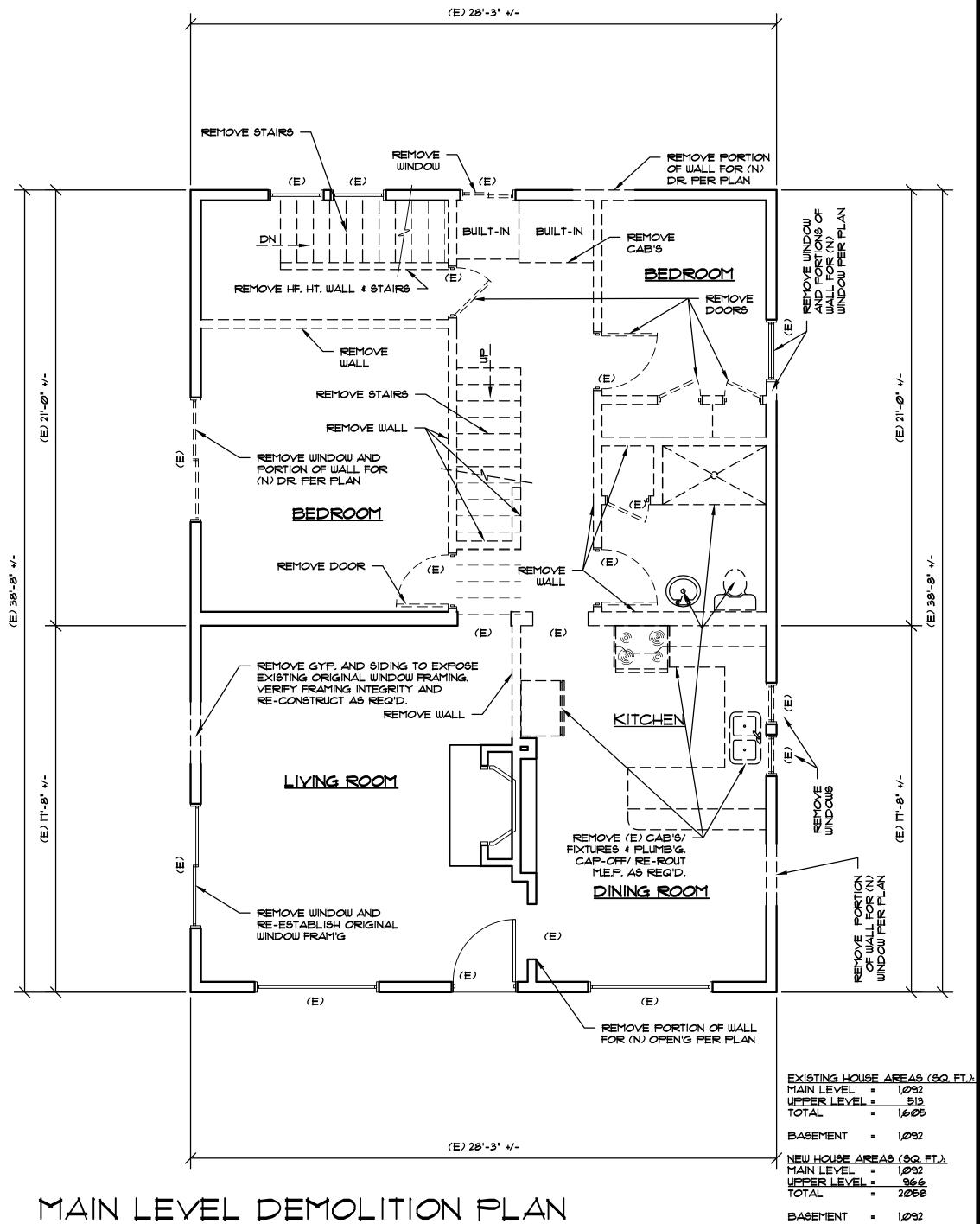
HAYE A MIN. 50 CFM. VENT DRYERS TO OUTSIDE.

PROVIDE COMBUSTION AIR WITHIN 24" OF FIREBOX. ALL GLAZING TO BE DOUBLE GLAZED LOW 'E'. ARGON FILLED AND TEMPERED WHERE NOTED OR PER

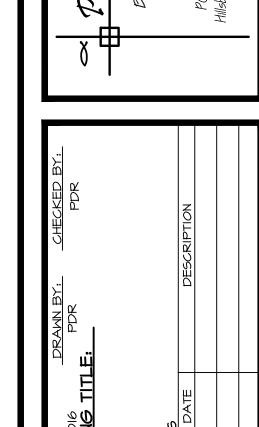
ALL WINDOWS TO BE VINYL SASH (U.N.O.) SIZE AND STYLE AS NOTED ON PLANS. TYPE Y NON-RATED CONSTRUCTION.

RESIDENTIAL ENERGY COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE.

- ALL PLUMBING AND ELECTRICAL WORK TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE AND LOCAL STANDARDS.
- WATER HEATERS TO BE FITTED WITH PRESSURE RELIEF VALVES AND INSTALLED ON SHEET METAL PANS WITH DRAINS TO OUTSIDE.
- SMOKE DETECTORS TO BE HARDWIRED W/ BATTERY BACK-UP AND INTERCONNECTED.
- SEE FRAMING PLANS FOR HEADER, BEAM, & JOIST SIZES.



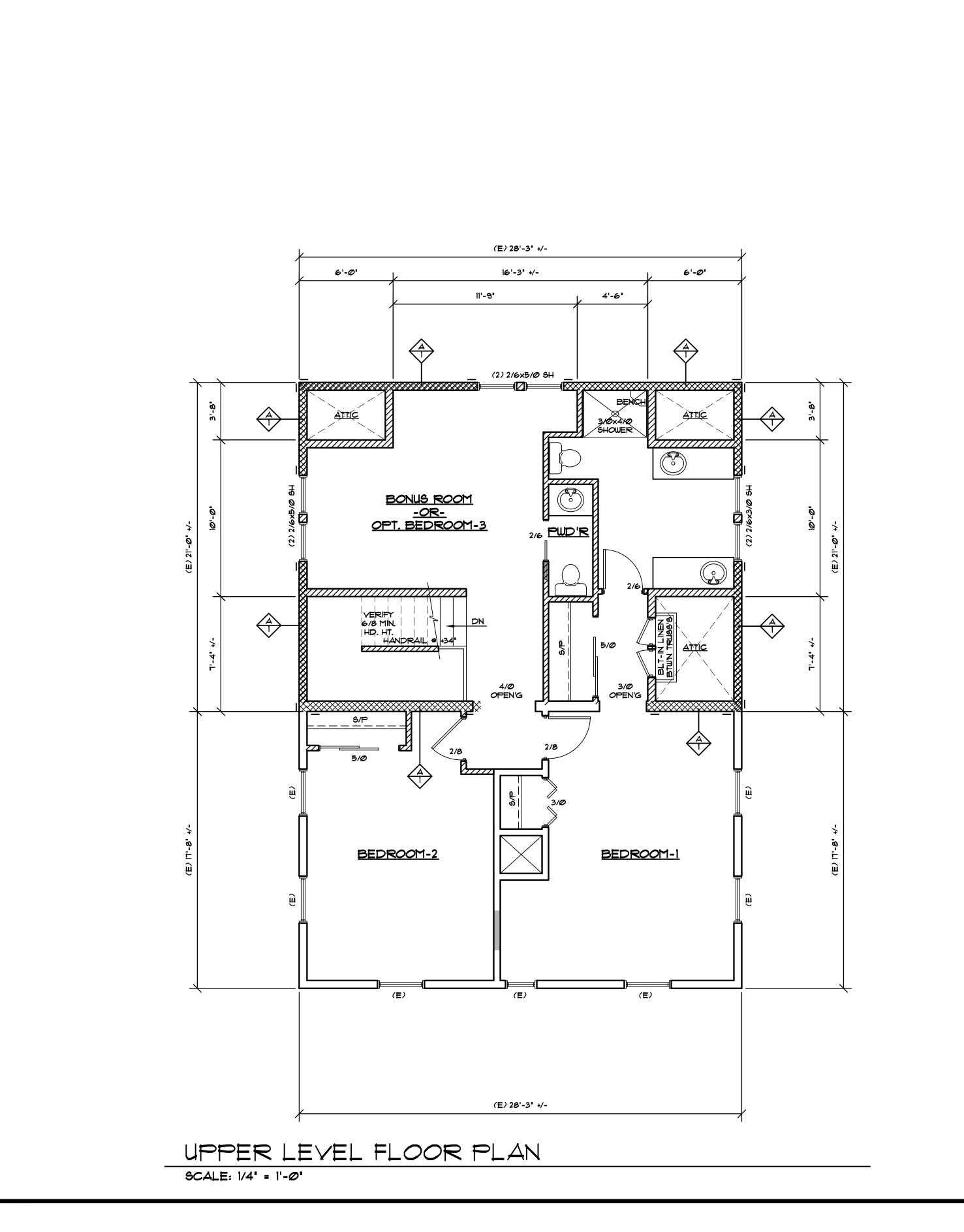
SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

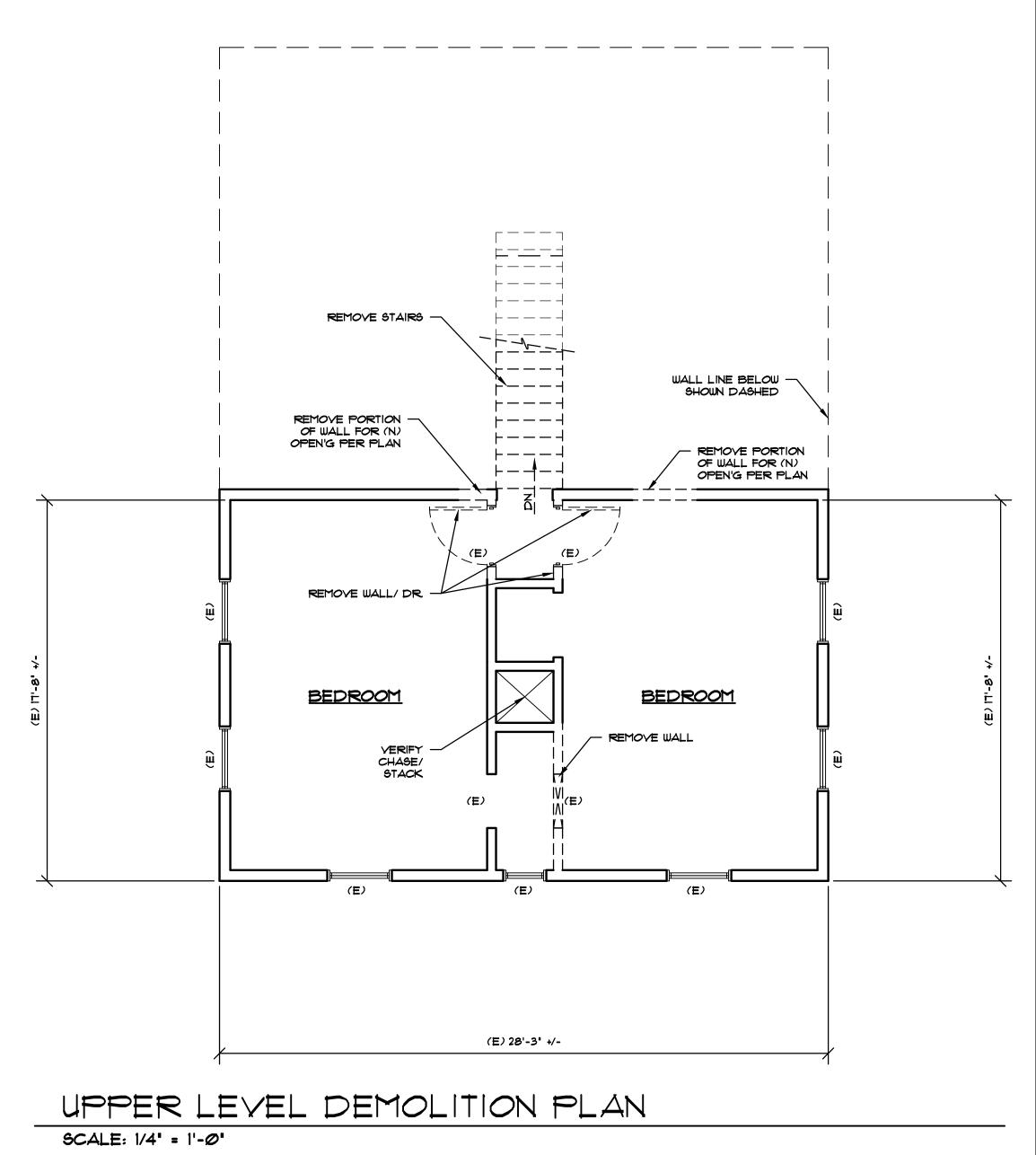


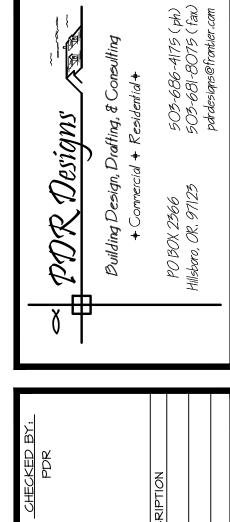
SHEET NO. PROJECT #: 15-69

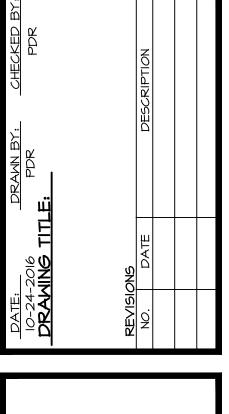
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BASEMENT = 1,092

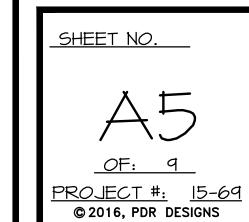


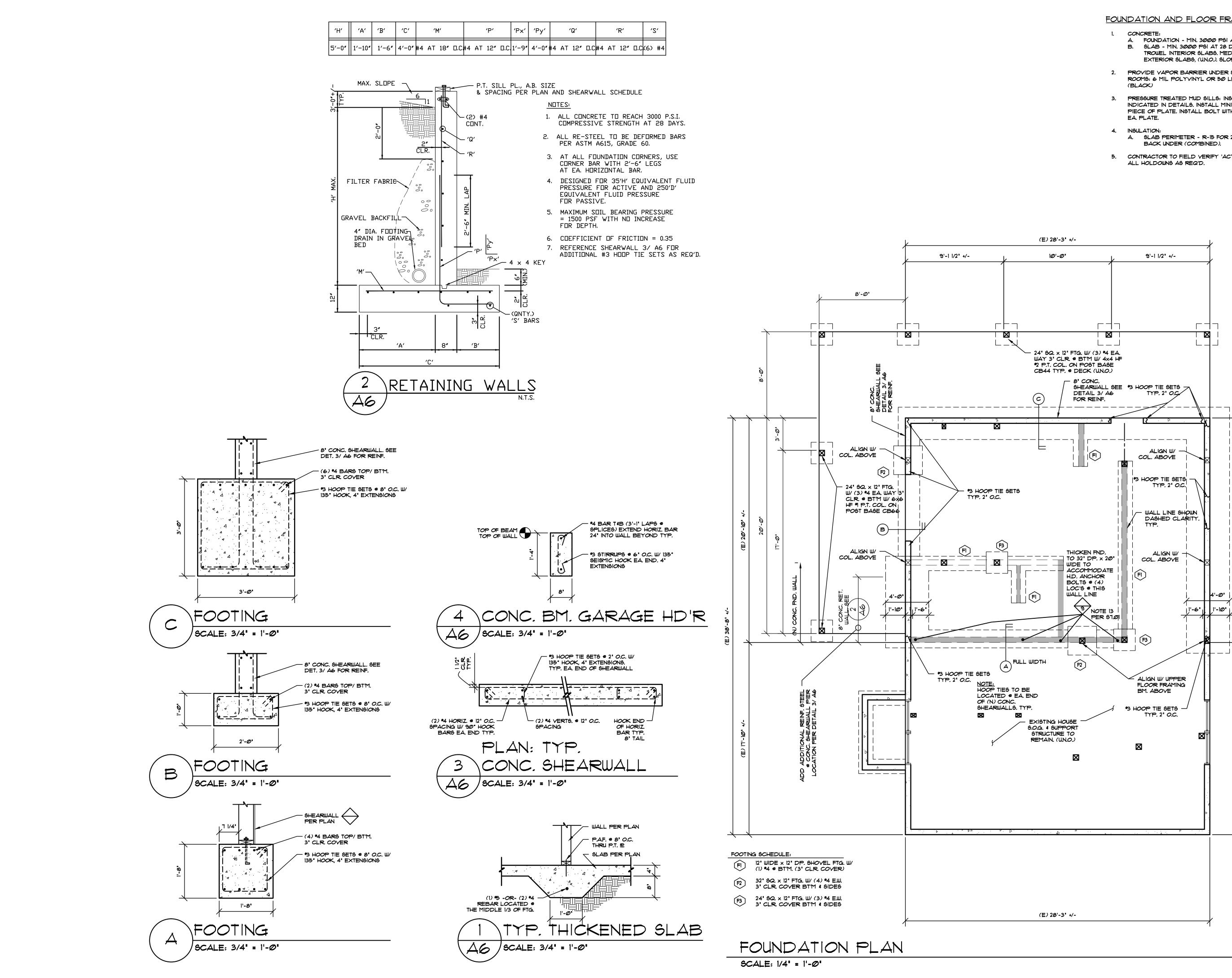






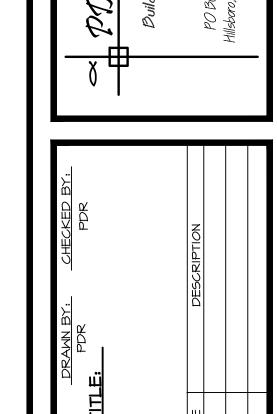






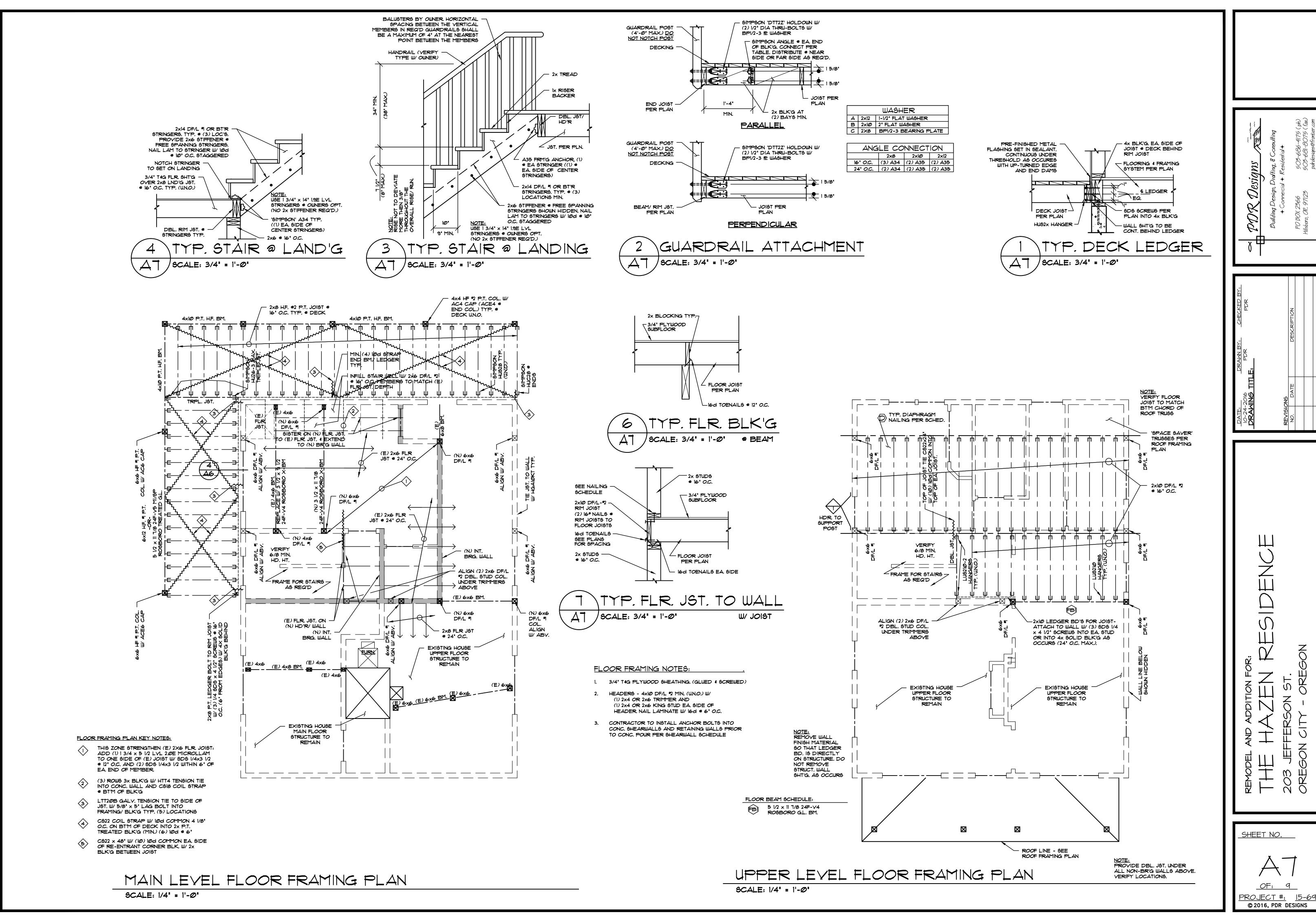
#### FOUNDATION AND FLOOR FRAMING NOTES:

- A. FOUNDATION MIN. 3000 PSI AT 28 DAYS. 4" SLUMP. B. SLAB - MIN. 3000 PSI AT 28 DAYS, 3' SLUMP. STEEL TROWEL INTERIOR SLABS. MEDIUM BROOM FINISH AT EXTERIOR SLABS, (U.N.O.). SLOPE 1/4"/ FT.
- PROVIDE VAPOR BARRIER UNDER SLABS AT HABITABLE ROOMS: 6 MIL POLYVINYL OR 50 LB. ROLL ROOFING.
- 3. PRESSURE TREATED MUD SILLS: INSTALL AT SPACINGS INDICATED IN DETAILS. INSTALL MINIMUM (2) BOLTS PER PIECE OF PLATE. INSTALL BOLT WITHIN 12" OF ENDS OF
- A. SLAB PERIMETER R-15 FOR 24' DOWN EDGE AND BACK UNDER (COMBINED).
- 5. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY 'ACTUAL' LOCATION OF

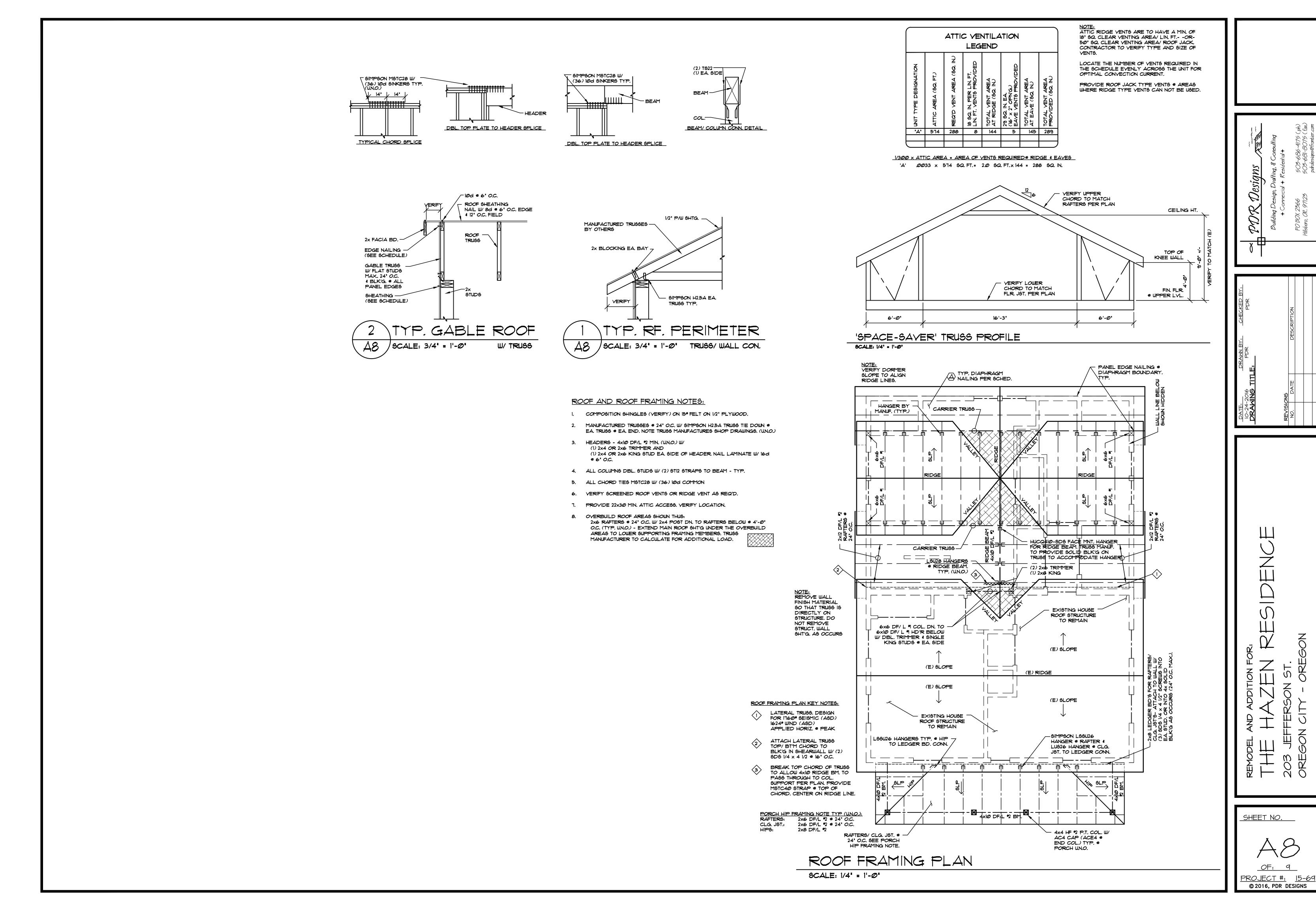


SHEET NO.

PROJECT #: 15-69 © 2016, PDR DESIGNS



SHEET NO.



## RESIDENTIAL ENERGY COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

Prescriptive l	Envelope	Requireme	nts°				
BUILDING COMPONENTS	STANDARD	BRACE CASE	LOG HOMES ONLY				
	Required Performance	Equivalent Value <sup>b</sup>	Required Performance	Equivalent Value <sup>b</sup>			
Wall insulation—above grade	U-0.060	R−21 <sup>c</sup>	Note d	Note d			
Wall insulation—below grade <sup>e</sup>	F-0.565	R-15	F-0.565	R-15			
Flat ceilings <sup>f</sup>	U-0.031	R-38	U-0.025	R-49			
Vaulted ceilings <sup>g</sup>	U-0.042	R-38 <sup>9</sup>	U-0.027	R-38A <sup>h</sup>			
Underfloors	U-0.028	R-30	U-0.028	R-30			
Slab edge Perimiter	F-0.520	R-15	F-0.520	R-15			
Heated slab interior i	N/A	R-10	N/A	R-10			
Windows <sup>)</sup>	U-0.35	U-0.35	U-0.35	U-0.35			
Window area limitation <sup>k</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Skylights <sup>1</sup>	U-0.60	U-0.60	U-0.60	U-0.60			
Exterior doors <sup>m</sup>	U-0.20	U-0.20	U-0.54	U-0.54			
Exterior doors w/>2.5 ft. glazing <sup>n</sup>	U-0.40	U-0.40	U-0.40	U-0.40			
Forced air duct insulation	N/A	R-8	N/A	R-8			

- For SI:1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 square foot = 0.093 m, 1 degree = 0.0175 rad. As allowed in Section N1104.1, thermal performance of a component may be adjusted provided that overall heat loss does not exceed the total resulting from conformance to the required U-value standards. Calculations to document equivalent heat loss shall be performed using the procedure and approved U-values contained in Table N1104.1(1).
- R-values used in this table are nominal, for the insulation only in standard
- wood framed construction and not for the entire assembly. Wall insulation requirements apply to all exterior wood framed, concrete or masonry walls that are above grade. This includes cripple walls and rim joist areas. R-19 Advanced Frame or 2x4 wall with rigid insulation may be substituted if total nominal insulation R-value is 18.5 or greater.
- The wall component shall be a minimum solid log or timber wall thickness of 3.5 inches (90mm).
- Below-grade wood, concrete or masonry walls include all walls that are below grade and do not include those portions of such wall that extend more than 24 inches (609.6mm) above grade.
- Insulation levels for ceilings that have limited attic/rafter depth such as dormers, bay windows or similar architectural features totaling not more than 150 square feet (13.9m²) in area may be reduced to not less than R-21. When reduced, the cavity shall be filled (except for required ventilation spaces).
- The maximum vaulted ceiling surface area shall not be greater than 50 percent of the total heated space floor area unless area has a U-factor no greater than U-0.031. The U-factor of 0.042 is representative of a vaulted scissor truss. A 10—inch (254mm) deep rafter vaulted ceiling with R—30 insulation is U-0.033 and complies with this requirement, not to exceed 50 percent of the total heated space floor area.
- A=advance frame construction, which shall provide full required insulating value to the outside of exterior walls.
- Heated slab interior applies to concrete slab floors (both on and below grade) that incorporate a radiant heating system within the slab. Insulation shall be installed underneath the entire slab.
- Sliding glass doors shall comply with window performance requirements. Windows exempt from testing in accordance with Section NF1111.2 Item 3 shall comply with window performance requirements if constructed with thermal break aluminum or wood, or vinyl, or fiberglass frames and double-pane glazina with low-emissivity coatings of 0.10 or less. Buildings designed to incorporate passive solar elements may include glazing with a U-factor greater than 0.35 by using Table N1104.1(1) to demonstrate equivalence to building envelope requirements.
- Reduced window area may not be used as a trade-off criterion for thermal performance of any component.
- Skylight area installed at 2% or less of total heated space floor area shall be deemed to satisfy this requirement with vinyl, wood or thermally broken aluminum frames and douple-pane glazing with low-emissivity coatings. Skylight U—factor is tested in the 20 degree overhead plane per NFRC standards.
- A maximum of 28 square feet (2.6m<sup>2</sup>) of exterior door area per dwelling unit can have a U-factor of 0.54 or less.
- Glazing that is either double pane with low-e coating on one surface, or triple pane shall be deemed to comply with this U-0.40 requirement.

# Additional Measures

	1	High efficiency walls & windows:  Exterior walls—U-0.047/R-19+5 (insulation sheathing)/SIPS, and one of t following options:  Windows—Max 15 percent of conditioned area: or  Windows—U-0.30
(6	2	High efficiency envelope:  Exterior walls—U0.058/R—21 Intermediate framing, and  Vaulted ceilings—U0.033/R—30A <sup>d,e</sup> , and  Flat ceilings—U0.025/R—49, and

Framed floors-U0.025/R-38, and Windows-U0.30; and Doors-All doors U-0.20, or

Additional 15 percent of permanently installed lighting fixtures as high-efficancy lamps or Conservation Measure D and F

High efficiency ceilings, windows, & duct sealing: (Cannot be used w/ Conservation Measure E) Vaulted Ceilings  $-10-0.033/R-30A^{d,e}$ . and Flat ceilings - U-0.025/R-49, and

Windows — U—0.30, and Performance tested duct system<sup>b</sup> High efficiency thermal envelope UA:

Proposed UA is 15% lower than the Code Calculated in Table N1104.1(1) Building tightness testing, ventilation & duct sealing: A mechanical exhaust, supply, or combination system providing whole-building ventilation rates specified in Table N1101.1(3),

> The dwelling shall be tested with a blower door and found to exhibit no more than: 1. 6.0 air changes per hourf, or 2. 5.0 air changes per hourf when used with conservation Measure E,

and performance tested duct systems b <u>Ducted HVAC systems within conditioned space: (Cannot be used with</u> Conservation Measure B or C):

High efficiency HVAC system:

or ASHRAE 62.2, and

Gas-fired furnace or boiler with minimum AFUE of 90% a. or Air—source heat pump with minimum HSPF of 8.5 or Closed-loop ground source heat pump with minimum COP of 3.0

All ducts and air handler are contained within building envelopei

<u>Ducted HVAC systems within conditioned space:</u>

All ducts and air handler are contained within building envelope

Replace electric resistance heating i at least the primary zone of dwelling with at least one ductless mini-split heat pump having a minimum HSPF of 8.5. Unit shall not have integrated backup resistance heat, and the unit (or units, if more than one is installed in the dwelling) shall be sized to have capicity to meet the entire dwelling design heat loss rate at outdoor design temperature condition. Conventional electric resistance heating may be provided for any secondary zones in the dwelling. A packaged terminal heat pump (PTHP) with comparable efficiency ratings may be used when no

backup resistant heat is allowed in a PTHP <u>High efficiency water heating/lighting:</u>

Natural gas/propane, on demand water heating with min EF of 0.80, and Performance tested duct systems , and A minimum 75 percent of permanently installed lighting fixtures as CFL or linear fluorescent or a min efficacy of 40 lumens per watt as specified in

supplemental zonal heaters are installed in the building and integrated

Section N1107.2° Energy management device & duct sealing: Whole building energy management device that is capable of monitoring or

controlling energy consumption, and Performance tested duct systems<sup>b</sup>, and A minimum 75 percent of permanently installed lighting fixtures as high-efficacy lamps.

Minimum 1 watt/sq. ft. conditioned floor space <sup>9</sup> Solar water heating Minimum of 40 sq ft of gross collector areah

For S1: 1 square foot =  $0.093 \text{ m}^2$ , 1 watt per square foot = 10.8 W/m.

- a. Furnaces located within the building envelope shall have sealed combustion air installed. Combustion air shall be ducted directly from the outdoors. b. Documentation of performance tested ductwork shall be submitted to the Building Official upon completion of work. This work shall be performed by a contractor that is certified by the Oregon Department of Energy's (ODOE)
- that work demonstrates conformance to ODOE duct performance standards. c. Section N1107.2 requires 50 percent of permanently installed lighting fixtures to contain high efficancy lamps. Each of these additional measures adds an additional percent to the Section N1107.2 requrement.

Residential Energy Tax Credit program and documentation shall be provided

- d. A=advanced frame construction, which shall provide full required ceiling insulation value to the outside of exterior walls. e. The maximum vaulted ceiling surface area shall not be greater than 50
- percent of the total heated space floor area unless vaulted area has a J-factor no greater than U0.026. f. Building tightness test shall be conducted with a blower door depressurizing the dwelling 50 Pascal's from ambient conditions. Documentation of blower door test shall be submitted to the Building Official upon completion of
- g. Solar electric system size shall include documentation indicating that Total Solar Resource Fraction is not less than 75% h. Solar water heating panels shall be Solar Rating and Certification
- Corporation (SRCC) Standard OG-300 certified and labeled, with documentation indicating that Total Solar Resource Fraction is not less than 75 percent.
- i. A total of 5 percent of an HVAC systems ductwork shall be permitted to be located outside of the conditioned space. Ducts located outside the conditioned space shall have insulation installed as required in this code.

#### Table N1101.1(3) VENTUATION AIR RECUIREMENTS ofm

VENTILATION AIR REQUIREMENTS, CTM										
FLOOR AREA (ft <sup>2</sup> )	BEDROOMS									
	0-1	2-3	4-5	6-7	>7					
< 1500	30	45	60	75	90					
1501-3000	45	60	75	90	105					
1501-3000	60	75	90	105	120					
4501-6000	75	90	105	120	135					
6001-7500	90	105	120	135	150					
>7501	105	120	135	160	185					
·										

## GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES AND SPECIFICATIONS

#### GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

A. Conform to minimum standards of the current editions of the ORSC and all other applicable construction codes and local ordinances and regulations. (U.N.O.)

noted, they do not indicate the method of construction. This is the builder's responsibility. The

- Coordinate with local governing agencies and with serving utilities for all permits, regulations for work on public property and for utility services. The drawings and specifications represent the finished structure. Unless otherwise specifically
- builder shall provide all methods and related equipment necessary to protect the structure, workers, and other persons and property during construction. The builder shall determine where and how temporary precautionary measures shall be used and to inspect same in the field. Builder to field verify all dimensions prior to construction and or fabrication of members. Any
- discrepancies or omissions are to be brought to the attention of the project Designer and/or Structural Engineer. The drawings and specifications represent the finished structure, the Contractor shall review these documents for confusing, obscured or vague information, or omissions, or unresolvable
- dimensions, and clarify same with project Designer, and/ or Structural Engineer. DO NOT SCALE Construction loads upon the structure shall not be in excess of the design loads.
- Assumed Design Loads: (Unless Noted Otherwise) Seismic: IBC D1 Roof: Combined LL + DL = ... 30 . psf + drifting.
  - Floor: LL = ...40 (30 in bedrooms) . PSF, (+20 psf partitions load as occurs). Wind: 95 mph.
- Soil Bearing = 1500 psf. (u.n.o. in geotech report.) H. If structurally engineered, then engineers drawings, notes, and specifications supercede the spec's. on this sheet and this drawing set.

## SITE WORK:

- Excavate to dimensions, lines, grades and minimum depths as indicated.
- Verify locations of all underground utilities. Call Utilities Notification Center before any excavation. Verify soil conditions at the footings and make any necessary corrections to place them on firm native soil conditions or structural fill compacted to 95% of maximum density at optimum
- moisture content per A.S.T.M. D689 (Standard Proctor). Earth back fill under footings or foundations will not be permitted.
- Back fill under slabs on grade: Granular fill graded from 1/4" to 3/4", or well graded fine gravel G. and sand with a maximum of 3 percent passing No. 200 mesh. Compact to 95% of maximum density by AASHO Standard T-99, in maximum 6" lifts.
- Install under slab fill evenly after footings and foundations have been placed and cured. Provide clean dry earth back fill, free of debris, decay able matter and rocks exceeding 2 inches in diameter. Compact to 95% of maximum density by AASHO Standard T-99, in maximum 6"
- Remove debris and decay able matter from areas to be back filled, prior to back filling. Back fill trenches after above grade concrete walls have been completed and are thoroughly set.
- Finish grade shall be true and evenly sloped away from the structure. Back fill against concrete walls shall be placed only after concrete has reached its specified 28 day strength: and the structural floor system required to stabilize the walls has been fully constructed and anchored.
- Unless otherwise indicated, install 2" of compacted asphaltic concrete over course of 3/4 minus. Provide crawl space drain per ODSC as required by Building Department. Protect any waterproof membrane, insulation board, etc. during back filling so as not to breach

#### CAST IN PLACE CONCRETE:

- Unless noted otherwise on drawings, conform to Standard Specifications for Ready Mixed Concrete, ASTM Designation C-94, with minimum compressive strength of 2500 psi at 28 days for slabs on grade and 3000 psi for other work. Water/ cement ratio or 0.45 maximum slump: 4 inches for footings and foundations: 3 inches for slabs.
- Reinforcing bars: Deformed steel bars of sizes indicated conforming to ASTM A615, grade 60. Install bars clean and free of loose rust or other material that reduces bond. Provide anchor bolts cast into concrete conforming to ASTM A307.
- Forming Concrete: Construct and maintain forms to exact shapes, sizes, lines, and dimensions required to obtain accurate alignment, location, grade, level and plumb
- Place reinforcing steel in accordance with CRSI 'Manual of Standard Practice' and ACI315, latest edition. Secure against displacement. Lapped bar splice length minimums: 30" at #4, 37" at #4 top bars & 36" at #5 bars. typ.
- (u.n.o) on drawinas. Provide corner bars same size and spacings as horizontal bars, 2'-6" X 2'-6". Placing Concrete:
- Place concrete in conformance to ACI318 and at time of pour within a temperature not below 50 degrees F. and not above 85 degrees F. in freezing weather, provide suitable means to maintain the concrete at a temperature not lower than 50 degrees F. for
- Wood float and steel trowel all interior slabs monolithically to true non-slip surfaces free of depressions or projections. Surface tolerance shall be  $\pm -1/4$ " in 10 feet.
- 1. Concrete sidewalks, aprons, and curbs beyond the property line shall comply with 2. Unless noted otherwise, exterior concrete flat work shall be formed of concrete conforming to Standard Specifications for Ready Mixed Concrete, ASTM Designation
- C-94, with minimum compressive strength of 3500 psi at 28 days and shall contain 5% air entrainment. Maximum slump shall be 3 inches. Install expansion joints at maximum 20 foot intervals.
- 4. Pitch slab surfaces at approximately 1/4" per foot for drainage and provide medium broom non-slip surfaces unless indicated otherwise for decorative finish.

## MASONRY (if indicated on the drawings):

Exterior walks and slabs (if indicated):

- A. Concrete Masonry Units (CMU) to comply with ASTM C90-93, grade N, type 1, 1 5/8" face shell, 100 psi, ASTM C331 and C33 moisture content 30% maximum of total absorption. Linear shrinkage not to exceed 0.065%.
- Course grade grout conforming to ASTM C476 shall attain 3000 psi at 28 days. Mortar shall be IBC Type M conforming to ASTM C270.
- Miscellaneous anchors and inserts shall be zinc coated steel or non-ferrous. Flashinas: as indicated (or minimum 26 ga. galvanized steel if not indicated) at exposed areas, copper-fabric at through wall or concealed areas.
- Veneer ties: 1" x 22 Ga. corrosion resistant metal. Secure to structural backing elements at 16" centers each way, maximum.
- Concrete Masonry Units (CMU) shall be laid dry. Stone and brick shall be saturated, but surface dry when laid. H. All masonry work shall be laid on clean surfaces which will provide a good bond with the mortar.
- Masonry shall be laid plumb, true to line, with uniform joints to maintain pattern both vertically and horizontally, and with level courses accurately spaced. Lay out courses with symmetrical vertical joint patterns between corners (distribute 'fillers' symmetrically at each panel).
- J. Masonry shall be laid in running bond (common), with shallow concave tooled joints, unless otherwise indicated. Each individual unit shall be set level and square to the unit module so that no variation in the
- surrounding mortar joint can be noticed, and so that uniform joint shadows will be cast. Anchors, flashings, and other items to be built-in, shall be installed as the work progresses. Grout solid all cells containing anchors or rebar.
- M. All work shall be cleared of mortar droppings, mortar 'scum', efflorescence and all other soils or foreign materials. Fill all holes, replace all defective face shells, tuck point for uniform mortar joints, 'holy stone' surface projections. Clean thoroughly all exposed surfaces. N. Apply sealants, as indicated on drawings, to unpainted masonry.

## METALS:

- A. Structural hot rolled ASI steel shapes shall conform to ASTM A-36. Machine Bolts shall conform to ASTM A-325
- Anchor Bolts for embedment in concrete shall be fabricated with a bent leg, conforming to ASTM
- All welds shall be full length unless indicated otherwise.
- Welding shall conform to (AWS) D1.1, using E70 XX electrodes.
- All bolts bearing on wood shall be supplied with standard washers. (U.N.O.)
- Hot dip galvanize all weld-fabricated items after all fabrication has been completed. Concrete anchors: Red Head, Hilti, Ramset, or other as indicated or approved.

#### WOOD AND PLASTICS:

- A. Framing lumber shall be Douglas Fir/ Larch, S4S, grade stamped WCLIB or WWPA. Lumber shall be 'green' unless indicated dried.
- All lumber sills, bucks, or ledgers in direct contact with concrete or masonry shall be Hem-Fir #1, vacuum pressure treated with preservative conforming to AWPA Standard P-5. All structural wood members exposed to weather, or as noted on drawings, shall be pressure
- treated in accordance with American Wood Preservative Association.
- Minimum lumber grades to be as follows unless indicated otherwise on drawings: (DF/ L, (U.N.O.) 1. Light framing and studs up to 4x4: DF/L #2 and better. (Studs to 10' max. may be 'stud' arade).
- Structural joists and planks 2" to 4" thick, 5" and wider: #2 and better.
- Beams, stringers, posts, and timbers, 5" and thicker: #1 and better. Miscellaneous blocking, furring, bridging, etc.: #2 and better.
- Unless indicated otherwise, glue laminated beams shall be 24F-V4: DF/L. APA panel sheathing shall conform to ODSC minimum requirements or other as indicated, and
- APA performance standards or to product standard PS-1/ ANSI A1991 Provide a 1/8" gap at all plywood panel end and edge joints for in-plane dimensional changes Typical unless otherwise noted on plans or by manufacture.
- APA panel sheathing: Minimum 15/32" thick, Span Rated 32/16, Exposure 1, or other as
- indicated below. See drawings and following Shearwall Nailing Schedule: 1. Roof Sheathing: <u>1/2"</u> thick, APA Rated Sheathing, <u>32/16</u> index. Nail perimeter w/ 8d at 6" o.c.
  - Nail at interior supports with 8d at 12" o.c. Block edges as indicated on the drawings. Wall Sheathing: 1/2" thick, APA Rated Sheathing, 32/16 index.
  - Nail perimeter w/ 8d at 6" o.c. Nail at interior supports with <u>8d</u> at 12" o.c. Block edges as indicated on the drawings with 2x framing.
  - 3. Floor Sheathing: 3/4" thick, APA Rated Sheathing, 48/24 index. Nail perimeter w/ <u>10d</u> at 6" o.c. Nail at interior supports with 10d at 12" o.c.
  - Block edges as indicated on the drawings. 4. 1/2" gypsum wallboard: Nail at all wall supports with  $_{\#13 \times 1 \ 3/8}$ " at 8" o.c.
- Nail at all ceiling supports with  $\#13 \times 15/8$ " at 7" o.c. Plywood Siding: <u>5/8</u> thick APA type 303 with <u>DF</u> Face Grade, <u>32/16</u> Span Rating, Rough Sawn Texture, and T-111 Pattern.
- Underlayment ((1) of the following (U.N.O.)): Plywood: 1/2" APA Underlayment.
- Particleboard: 1/2" Type I, Grade B, Class 1. Minimum nailing shall be with common nails in accordance with ODSC Nailing Schedule and other as indicated. Use hot-dipped galvanized nails at pressure treated wood. Space 16 ga. x 7/16" crown x 1 5/8" staples, if used at shear panel locations, at 2/3 distance
- indicated for 8D nails and 1/2 distance for 10d or 12d nails. Use stainless steel staples at pressure treated wood.
- Framing anchors are called out on drawings by Simpson 'Strong Tie' numbers. Equivalent I.C.B.O. approved items by other manufacturers are acceptable.
- Gypsum board sheathing shall be 1/2" thick, installed horizontally with long edges blocked. Nail with 1 3/4" x #11 x 7/16" head galvanized nails at 8" o.c. at all edges and supports. Building paper: Asphalt saturated felt, ASTM D-226, 15 or 30 pound as indicated. Air barrier: Fine polyethylene fiber sheet with Titanium Oxide coating, as indicated: Dupont 'Tyvek'
- or as approved. Install per manufacturers' instructions. Framing Installation: Erect all framing and other wood construction in a strong, substantial, workmanlike manner. Lay out all studding in true lines, plumb and square, Stagger ends of double
- supports. Install beams, joists, rafters and Headers with bottom edge free of defects affecting tensile strength. All wood shall be minimum 6" above ground unless pressure treated. Provide additional framing and blocking for the installation and support of plumbing,

plates. Double studs at openings. Do not splice individual framing members between

- heating, ventilating, electrical, and miscellaneous handrails, grab bars, casework, and miscellaneous similar items or fixtures, subject to live or impact loading.
- Panel roof and floor sheathing shall be laid with 'face grain' perpendicular to joists, Joints shall occur at bearing or blocking, in lap panel staggered pattern. Install lag screws in drilled lead holes of 3/4 of shank diameter. Provide washers under
- heads bearing directly on wood. Bolt holes shall be drilled 1/16" over bolt diameter. Provide washers at all heads and
- nuts bearing directly on wood. block between joists and rafters at supports with same size material as member, unless member is nailed to rim joist.
- Beams and joists supporting bearing walls or concentrated loads shall not be notched. Fabricate and install members for full required bearing without the use of shims. Notch all sloped rafters for full bearing at supports.
- 11. Anchor foundation sill plates and ledgers to concrete with bolts of size and spacing indicated. Each member shall have at least (2) bolts, and shall have (1) bolt within 12" 12. Provide minimum  $1 \frac{1}{2}$ " net bearing for joints on wood supports.
- Install 2" nominal full depth fire blocking at top and bottom of stairs and landings, story lines, ceilings and at 10'-0" o.c. at concealed spaces. Install trusses in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- 15. Provide solid blocking at bearing points and cross bridging (or solid blocking) at 8'-0" o.c. for all joists and rafters, unless edges are restrained, the full length of span Double joists each side of floor and roof openings and under all partitions parallel to
- Wood trusses: Comply with IBC Section 2303.4 except as otherwise noted. Trusses shall not exceed a live load deflection of L/360. Truss Manufacturer shall furnish complete Engineering Shop Drawings with an (Oregon) Registered Professional Engineer's Seal. Shop Drawings shall show clearly all bracing for truss compressive members and required connections. All connection plates shall develop the full stress of the wood members. The truss manufacturer shall submit certificates from an independent testing company, that all trusses delivered to the job site conform to Approved Shop Drawings. Cost of all Test Certificates shall be borne by the Truss
- Design top chord live load <u>25</u> psf. (+ snow drifting if snow zone).
- Design top chord dead load <u>8</u> psf. Design bottom chord live load <u>per IBC table 1607.1</u> psf
- Design bottom chord dead load \_\_\_\_7\_\_ psf. Design Allowable Deflection <u>L/360</u> Engineered Manufactured Wood components shall be as indicated on the Drawings on roof or
- floor framing plans, or other as applicable
- Design top chord live load \_\_\_\_\_ psf. Design top chord dead load \_\_\_\_\_ psf.
- Design bottom chord dead load \_\_\_\_\_ psf. Design Allowable Deflection \_\_\_\_\_

## THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION:

- Flexible blanket insulation shall be fire retardant treated mineral wool or fiberglass conforming to ASTM C665. If provided with vapor barrier, install toward warm side, with vapor transmission rating of one perm dry cup or less.
- Blown insulation shall be fire retardant treated. Where ventilation spaces are shown, insulation shall be installed so that complete ventilating area
- is unobstructed Minimum insulation values: (u.n.o. on plans)
- Flat ceiling: <u>R-38 .</u>
- Vaulted ceilings: R-30 with vapor barrier at warm side. Wall: R-21 with vapor barrier at warm side.
- Floor over unheated spaces: R-30. Basement walls R-21 with vapor barrier at exterior side.
- Basement floor slab on grade: R-15 in 24" at perimeter. Forced air duct: <u>R-8</u>.

- elevated wood framed floors of habitable spaces. Black 'Visqueen', or equivalent.
- Gutters and Down spouts: (U.N.O.) Minimum 25 ga., pre-finished steel gutters and minimum 28 ga. pre-finished steel downspouts. Provide gutter spike and ferrule at maximum 48" o.c. If down spout
- locations are not shown, contractor shall determine appropriate locations for complete drainage of each Waterproofing: Provide fluid—applied elastomeric coating and protection—drainage board at concrete walls below grade at habitable spaces: Koch 'Tuff-N-Dri' or approved. Extend to grade or to
- above water flow level per soils report if available Bituminous coat all structural steel surfaces exposed to earth, gravel or damp conditions. Provide breathable plastic wrap underlayment and 1/2" Dryvit MD Board with moisture drainage

#### I. Provide resilient caulking and sealant materials at exterior opening perimeters, at interior and exterior finished surfaces, including joints concealed by flashing, trim or other similar work.

- A. Provide tempered glass at sliding or other glazed doors and windows located within 24 inches of a door edge or 18 inches above finish floors.
- B. Provide windows with 'U' value required by Energy Compliance Form.

grooves and MD Blocks at E.I.F.S. installations over plywood sheathing.

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND SKYLIGHTS:

Provide skylights with 'U' = 0.50 rating. Provide solid core wood doors, or metal doors, as selected by owner, in wood frames in exterior locations, meeting 'U' value requirements of Energy Compliance Form.

## FINISHES (Refer to drawings and schedules):

D. Seal all interior concrete slabs not scheduled for other finishes

A. Unless otherwise indicated provide 1/2" gypsum wallboard for all interior work. Use equivalent moisture resistant products in exterior or wet-prone areas. Provide gypsum wallboard with taped joints at garage walls adjacent residence building for sheet vinyl flooring. Provide water resistant gypsum wallboard and impermeable finishes at fixture wall and walls

## PLUMBING (Design by Others):

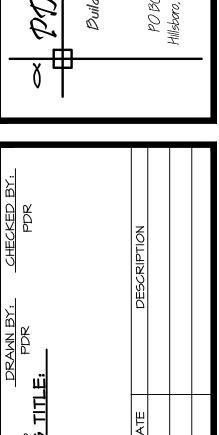
adjacent water closets or uringls.

Plumbing shall be in accordance with state and local codes throughout. Water heaters shall be equipped with code approved temperature and pressure relief valves. Provide seismic straps as required. Contractor to verify electrical requirements. C. Provide manufactured insulation installation at accessible sink and lavatory hot and waste water

#### ELECTRICAL (Design by Others:

- Electrical plans are diagrammatic with intent to show only point of use equipment and control requirements. All other system design by others. Work included in these specifications and accompanying electrical plans consists of a
- complete installation of all indicated or required electrical systems. Coordinate installation of telephone service with telephone company and with Owner. Complete installation in strict accordance with the latest Rules and Codes of the State and local authorities having jurisdiction and to the regulations of the electric and telephone utilities.
- Test each system for required operation. All systems shall be free of grounds or faults. All electrical material items to be U.L. approved and conforming to the Code. Design and provide service and distribution system to equipment indicated on electrical schematic plan and to Mechanical Contractor's heating, ventilating, and air conditioning system.
- Mount switches at 48" to device center, outlets at 15" to center. (U.N.O.) Light fixtures in direct contact with insulation shall be insulation coverage (IC) rated.

Provide minimum 6 mil black polyethylene plastic vapor barrier under interior slabs, as occurs. Provide minimum 6 mil black polyethylene plastic ground cover throughout 'crawl space' under H. Flashings: (U.N.O.) Minimum 26 ga. galvanized. Provide at intersection of roofs with vertical surfaces, over door and window frames, and at other places noted on drawings Step flashings at



SHEET NO. PROJECT #: 15-69 © 2016, PDR DESIGNS

# NAIL-TO-STAPLE CONVERSION TABLE

NAILS

					80			100 OR 120				16d				
				SPACING	3"	4"	6"	12 "	3"	4"	6"	12 "	3"	4"	6"	12'
	'n	WIDTH	# 98 + 1	16 G.A. (0.0625")	2'	21/2"	4"	8"	11/2"	2"	3"	6"	11/2"	2'	3"	5 <sup>3</sup> /4
	S=7	CROWN FIR/L	LENGTH = THICKNESS	15 G.A. (Ø.Ø72")	21/4"	31/4"	43/4"	10"	2"	21/2"	4"	8"	13/4"	21/4"	31/2"	٦"
	14 G.A. (0.080")	23/4"	3 <sup>3</sup> ⁄4'	5 <sup>3</sup> ⁄4"	81/2"	21/4"	3"	43/4"	93/4"	2"	2 <sup>3</sup> ⁄4"	41/4"	81/3			
	<i>(</i> )	7/16" M	YIN. LEG YATERIAL	13 G.A. (0.0915')	31/2"	41/2"	יד"	14"	2 <sup>3</sup> ⁄4"	33/4"	5 <sup>3</sup> /4"	113/4"	21/2"	314"	5"	101/2

# 203 Jefferson Restoration

Hazen Residence

# Design Objective

The exterior design goal for our home is to restore its original 19<sup>th</sup> century features while accommodating additional finished interior square footage.





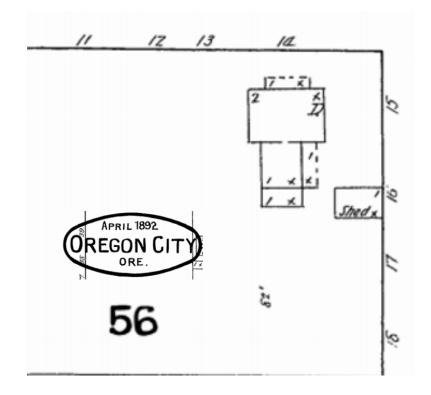
- Built in 1878 for Adolph
   Schoeps, a Prussian
   immigrant, Oregon City Woolen
   Mills worker, and eventual
   Clackamas Co. Sheriff
- Moved in the mid 1940s when the Catholic church was built on block 56
- When moved, the house lost many original windows, front porch, and interior features / layout

# Planned Alterations

- Bring back original porch
- Bring back original side windows
- Add dormers to the rear wing
- Add back deck
- Clapboard siding and window trim

# Porch

- No original photos
- Sanborn maps
- Comparison homes



## Porch

## Guidelines

- Simple
- Utilitarian
- Modeled after similar era porches (examples to right)
- Railing only if necessary







## Windows

- Match upper windows on the lower level sides
- True to original architectural style (examples to right)









# Windows



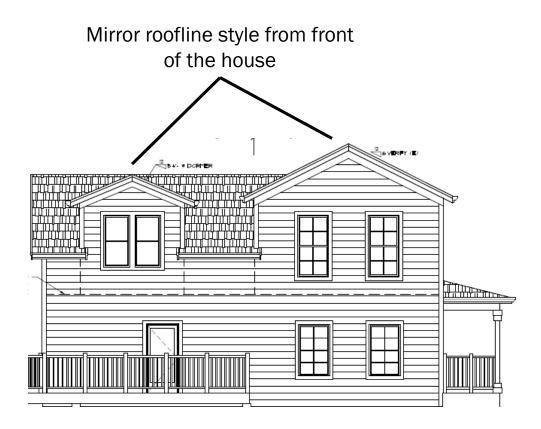


## Dormers

 In order to finish the attic space in the rear wing, we plan to add dormers to the roofline

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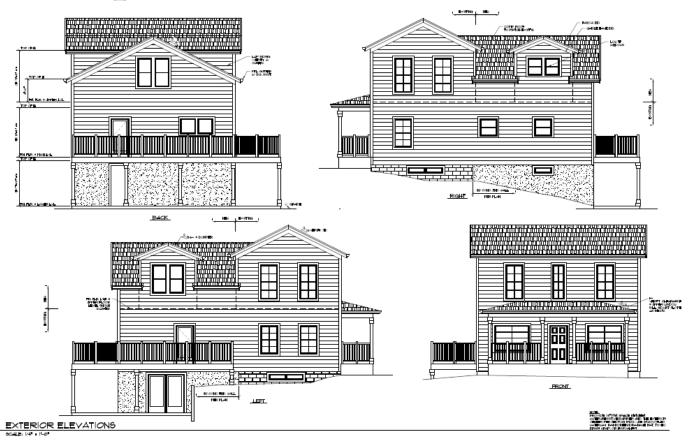
# Other Exterior Alterations

- Back deck: will partially wrap around to the SW side. Largely out of sight from the street.
- Foundation: replace cinder block walls with solid concrete as needed
- Siding: bring back original wood siding
- Window trim: install period authentic wood trim

# Appendix

- Architectural exterior plans
- Current state photos

# Architectural plans











#### OREGON CITY HISTORIC RESOURCE SURVEY FORM

OREGON CITY HISTORIC RESOURCE SURVEY FORIN											
Street Address: 2		City: ORE	DREGON CITY								
USGS Quad Name: Oregon City GPS Latit						07	N	Long	gitude: 122	36 26 W	
Township: 02S	Range: 02E	Section: 31	Block:	106	Lot: 4			Map #: 2	2E31DB	Tax Lot #:	3900
Date of Construction			on:								
c. 1878		Schoepps, A	dolph,	House	Domestic - single dwelling						
Grouping or Cluster I	Name:	*Current Name	or Use:		Associated Archaeological S						
NA		Domestic - s	ingle d	wellin	g			Unknow	/n		
Architectural Classifi	cation(s): Verna	cular / Classic F	Revival	ı	Plan Type/Sl	hape	e: <b>Rectan</b>	gle	Numbe	er of Stories:	2.0
Foundation Material:	Concrete bloc	k		,	Structural Fr	rami	ing: <b>Unkn</b>	own	Moved	d? Yes	
Roof Type/Material:	Gable / Compo	sition shingle		١	Window Typ	pe/M	Material: 4/4	and 1/1 wo	od double	-hung; 8 pa	ne fixed
Exterior Surface Mat	erials Primary:	Asbestos shing	gle	Secon	dary:			Decorat	tive:		
Exterior Alterations of Additions/Approxima		e moved, c.194 ed; asbestos sl						or window	s radically	altered; Br	ick chim
Number and Type of	Associated Resou	ırces: None									
Integrity: Fair	Condition:	Good		Local	Ranking: I	Des	signated His	toric Site	National R	egister Listed	l? No
Potentially Eligible: Individually or As a contributing resource in a district  Not Eligible: Intact but lacks distinction  Altered (choose one): Reversible/Potentially eligible individually or in district Reversible/Ineligible as it lacks distinction  Interviewable loss of integrity											
Description of Physical and Landscape Features:											
Description of Physic	ai anu Lanuscape	realures.									
This two story verna concrete block found	lation and is clad in	n asbestos cerar	nic shing	gles. A	w ide frieze	e an	d molded rak	e board conr	nect to the b	oxed eaves.	The side

This two story vernacular/classical revival residence has a rectangular plan with a single story gable addition on the west side (rear). It sits on concrete block foundation and is clad in asbestos ceramic shingles. A wide frieze and molded rake board connect to the boxed eaves. The side gabled roof is covered with composition shingling. The windows are primarily 4/4 wood double-hung except for the front first floor windows will were altered to 8-pane fixed. The modest front porch consists of a small stoop with wooden stairs and a small gabled cover supported by two knee brackets. There is a short central chimney. The landscaping has changed since the 1986 survey to less manicured plantings.

#### Statement of Significance:

The house was built by Adolph Schoepps on Lots 1 and 2 of Block 45 (520 5th Street). Schoepps, who was born in Russia, was a finisher in the Oregon City Woolen Mills. In c. 1945, the house was moved to this location after the Catholic archdiocese purchased the block. Two year later, the property was owned and occupied by Fred Phipps, with his wife Julia and three children. Mr. Phipps was employed by Publisher Paper, and remained in the house until at least 1985.

Researcher/Organization:	Carin Petersen / HPNW	Date Recor	ded: <b>5/11/2002</b>
Survey Form Page 1	Address: 203 JEFFERSON ST	Local Designation #	SHPO#



#### **City of Oregon City**

625 Center Street Oregon City, OR 97045 503-657-0891

#### **Meeting Minutes - Final**

#### **Historic Review Board**

Tuesday, May 24, 2016 6:00 PM Commission Chambers

#### 1. Call to Order

Chair Baysinger called the meeting to order at 6:30 PM.

Present: 3 - Claire Met, Ken Baysinger and Jonathan Stone

Absent: 2 - Derek Metson and Robert Siewert

Staffers: 1 - Christina Robertson-Gardiner

#### 2. Preservation Grant

2a Preservation Grant for a Porch Repair at 312 Madison Street

Attachments: Commission Report

Preservation Grant PG 16-02 Staff Report

PG 16-02 Applicant's Submittal

John Stutesman, Planner, said this was a grant request for front porch repair at 312 Madison Street. The builder the applicant chose was qualified to do the work. Staff recommended approval of granting the request for \$600.

approve

Aye: 3 - Claire Met, Ken Baysinger and Jonathan Stone

#### 3. Design Advice

Chair Baysinger closed the regular session at 6:33 PM and Jonathan Stone left the meeting via conference call.

Chair Baysinger opened a Work Session at 6:33 PM to provide design advice, which did not require a quorum.

Design Advice for a 560 square foot addition at 811 Monroe Street.

Attachments: Commission Report

3a

Applicant's Submittal

**Inventory Form** 

Bob Perron, architect, was asking for design advice for a 560 square foot addition at 811 Monroe Street. The applicant's grandchildren were going to move in, and the house was not adequate for it. She was requesting an addition to the south of the existing house. It would be a one story addition with an unfinished attic for storage. Some of the architectural features of the existing house would be replicated including the pitch of the roof and siding. He described the elevations, windows, trim boards, colors, solar panels, and skylights.

Mr. Stutesman said staff would need to research whether the solar panel

Mr. Perron explained some of the siding was hardie panel and some was aluminum, and some wwas PVC plastic. The plastic was damaged and would be removed and replaced with hardy panel four inches to the weather.

Ms. Roberson-Gardiner said this was a designated structure that had been highly compromised. It was a question of whether to keep acknowledging it as a designated structure and any new work needed to adhere to the standard or acknowledge a building that had been highly compromised and approve an appropriate addition that did not meet all of the standards or based on its merits recommend to de-designate it and the addition would move forward. Multiple exterior alterations had been done to the building by past owners that did not meet the standards. She recommended the second option.

Chair Baysinger thought the proposed chimney that would be encased in wood did not fit the historic character. It would be better to have it encased in brick or have a black sheetmetal pipe or vent it so it was not an element. fake stone material. He was in favor of what was proposed for the siding and windows. The solar panel was still in question.

Ms. Robertson-Gardiner said if they were placed in a non-prominent elevation and could not see it, they had been allowed. It would be a context sensitive analysis at the time of the staff report. She asked if the addition was more than 30% of the size of the house. If this was not a designated structure, would it have come before the HRB? That might be another finding for the vinyl windows because a new construction would need to be fiberglass. If it was less than 30% it would not be considered new construction.

Ms. Met thought this house had been altered so much that it should not be designated anymore. Ms. Robertson-Gardiner stated they could make it a condition of this addition that once it was done, they could come back and ask to de-list it.

#### Design Advice for a Restoration at 203 Jefferson Street

Attachments: Commission Report

3b

Applicant's Submittal

**Inventory Form** 

David Hazen was asking for design advice for a restoration at 203 Jefferson Street. His goal was to bring the house back to the original design as much as possible. The home was moved in the 1940s and lost many of the original windows, front porch, and interior features/layout. The planned alterations were to bring back the original porch, bring back the original side windows, add dormers to the rear wing, add a back deck, and eventually restore wood siding and wood trim. There were no original photos of the porch, but they had used Sanborn maps and comparison homes. It would be a hip roof porch with a railing if required. He was planning to match the upper windows on the lower level sides and make them true to the original architectural style.

Chair Baysinger suggested pairing up a couple of the windows. Ms. Met suggested using taller, narrow windows for a more vertical look.

Mr. Hazen said in order to finish the attic space in the rear wing, he planned to add dormers to the roofline. Other exterior alterations included the back deck which would partially wrap around to the southwest side and be largely out of site from the street, for the foundation he would replace cinder block walls with solid concrete as needed, he would bring back the original wood siding, and install period authentic wood trim. He then discussed the architectural plans and showed current photos.

Chair Baysinger said he did not need HRB approval for the repairs to the foundation and he could work with staff on that. Mr. Hazen was asking for direction on the dormers and windows because it would affect the foundation.

Chair Baysinger thought the porch design was a great improvement and was consistent with the design of the structure. Regarding the dormers, the roof pitch appeared to be the same as the main house. He would like to see an alternative to the windows being proposed to be more compatible with the original design.

Ms. Robertson-Gardiner said when there was a house that had additions or alterations, applicants were not responsible to rehab those alterations as it was part of the structure's story. She suggested a simple casement window or a simple one over one or two matching four over fours. They needed to either replicate what was there in the past for a restoration or take a non-compatible addition and make it more compatible, but don't fake history if you don't know the history. This project was eligible for preservation grant funding.

#### 4. Communications

Mr. Stutesman discussed awarding the Ruth Powers Preservation Award at the last City Commission meeting recognizing those who worked on restoring the Ermatinger House. He wanted to discuss the way he was looking at the City Code and be consistent as staff with what the HRB thought was important at the next Board meeting. He had been getting calls regarding grant funding for foundations.

Ms. Robertson-Gardiner said typically the grants had been for projects that were more visible and would get the most out of the funding.

Ms. Met said she was on the Willamette Falls Heritage Area Coalition Board. The state declared parts of Oregon City, West Linn, and Lake Oswego as the state's first heritage area. One of the requirements was to recognize businesses that had been operating for 50 years or more. The recognition celebration would be held on June 23.

#### 5. Adjournment

Chair Baysinger adjourned the meeting at 7:50 PM.

